

MICROWAVE CONCENTRATION MEASUREMENT

μ-ICC 2.45 Compact



- MANUAL -

Software version from V.0.39 Version No.: V4 2013-03

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1 Safety instructions

1.1 Symbols and indications

In this manual, symbols are used to indicate varying risk levels.



1.2 Normal usage

The μ -ICC 2.45 Compact is a measurement system based on microwave transmission technology. To ensure safety, a very low level of microwave radiation is passed through the process stream. The microwave power levels used are completely harmless to humans and the environment. No change of product properties can occur.

A WARNING

This measurement system has been designed according to the most recent safety requirements for microwave devices. If there are legal regulations regarding the use of microwaves, the user has the responsibility to observe them.

It is forbidden to change the frequency of the device. Illicit manipulation of the device could have legal consequences.

1.3 General safety & user warnings

The μ -ICC 2.45 Compact has been built using state-of-the-art technology components and complies with all current safety standards. The housing is certified IP 65 and therefore well adapted for outdoor use. Full testing at the factory ensures proper system function and long term reliably.

\Lambda WARNING

The safety and warning notices must be strictly adhered to, so as to guarantee safe operation. Use of the system is only allowed if it is in good order and condition. Only adequately trained personnel must be allowed to operate the system. System redesign or any unauthorized changes might have an impact on product safety and are therefore expressly forbidden.

1.3.1 Environmental conditions

NOTICE

All components should be transported, stocked and operated in a noncorrosive environment.

1.3.2 Electrical

M WARNING	The power supply must be disconnected during system installation and service interventions so as to prevent any contact with energized parts.
	Before opening the evaluation unit, the power supply must be securely interrupted. It is forbidden to work with the device opened while powered up.
NOTICE	Spare fuses must have the manufacturer specified values. Short circuiting the fuse position or any other manipulation is forbidden!
NOTICE	The evaluation unit must remain grounded when it is mains-connected.
ATTENTION	If fluids have entered the device, it must be immediately disconnected from the power supply. The device must then be thoroughly checked and cleaned by an authorized person.
NOTICE	Without exact knowledge of this manual, no adjustments must be made to the installation or any parameter setting for that matter. Behaviour of the actuator and its influence on the process must also be known.

2 System description µ-ICC 2.45 Compact

The μ -ICC 2.45 Compact is a measuring device which combines compact design with the highest technical standards in microwave measurement. The system concept is based on many years of successful experience with the μ -ICC 2.45 Standard product version.

In addition to a highly compact housing and an improved memory mode, this device offers many new features such as higher class components, USB interface for connection with a PC and an option permitting the use of an additional sample push button. The device is placed in the immediate vicinity of the measurement point, and is directly connected to the microwave sensor probes.

This manual is intended to help you discover the ease of operation and the versatility of this system

2.1 Measurement principle

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The measurement uses the dielectric constant of the process sample to measure its total solids content. Water containing samples streams are in general ideal for measurement, because the microwaves are highly absorbed by the free water molecules.

Also of importance is the distance between the sensor probes. The signal strength must be sufficient to pass completely through the sample stream from the transmitter to the receiver. proMtec optimizes the geometry for each application.



• The microwave signal is radiated into the medium by the transmitter. The receiver collects the attenuated microwaves.

• The reference signal represents the original micro-wave signal without the sample stream influences. It is used in comparison with the sample stream attenuated microwave signal to calculate a phase shift (decrease of propagation velocity) or the attenuation of the signal.

• The phase shift occurs proportionally to the propagation velocity

• With this information the water content can be calculated, from which both the density and total dry matter content can be derived.

2.2 Components

The measurement system is composed of two components – the evaluation unit and the sensor modules. The sensor modules are mounted into a pipe section (with flat sensor form) or into a vessel (insertion sensor probes) and are connected via microwave cables with the evaluation unit.

The measurement is – like the Standard version – temperature compensated. A temperature sensor (Pt-100) must be connected for this purpose and is always part of the system.



2.2.1 Evaluation Unit

The standard evaluation unit is fitted with an LCD screen and soft touch buttons for user control. Alternatively a version is available without display. Without LCD screen and soft touch buttons the unit must be accessed with a PC via USB connection.



2.2.2 Sensor with probes

proMtec offers an entire range of sensor types. Depending on the application at hand, proMtec designs the most appropriate sensor type for your process.

Compact versions are either In-line pipe sections, where flat sensor modules are fitted onto the pipe walls and secured with Varivent + Tri-Clamp, or insertion sensors with two probes and a special flange for installation in vessels.

The evaluation unit (compact device) is directly connected with the sensor transmitter through two microwave cables.



2.2.3 Cables



The microwave cables are used to carry the sensor module signal to and from the measurement point. These cables are produced in according to the newest technology and an optimally shielded to ensure lowest possible measurement signal transmission losses.

The cables are delivered with lengths of one to 3 meters as required. In spite of the special shielding, the cables should be kept as short as possible to ensure best possible measurement signal quality.



A Pt-100 temperature sensor is integrated into the In-line pipe insert or into the flange of the sensor probes. A four-wire cable must be connected between the already integrated Pt-100 and on the other side with the connectors inside the evaluation unit (read chapter 2.3.2).

2.3 Installation

2.3.1 Installation of the Evaluation unit

The device is delivered with a mounting plate with four fixation tabs (H x B = $120 \times 180 \text{ mm}$ for Ø 6 mm).

Being that the microwave cables must be kept as short as possible the evaluation unit should be installed at an easily accessible location in the immediate vicinity of the measurement point. If no comfortable placement is possible, the unit can also be accessed with your PC from the standard USB port.

2.3.2 Connections and dimensions of the evaluation unit

For an overview of the circuit interconnections and how to connect them, please refer to the following connection list.

A WARNING

Before opening the evaluation unit and connecting any cable, the power supply must be disconnected!

NOTICE

Choose an appropriate location where cables are not under tension!

Do not whip or kink the microwave cables!

While connecting the 4-20 mA signal output pay attention to the polarity! This signal output is a regulated current output.

Do not over tighten the coupling nuts on the evaluation unit too much!

Connections:

• Microwave cables:

Two identical microwave cables are provided; one for the transmitter and one for the receiver sensor module. Both have standard N-Plugs and it doesn't matter, which of them is used for the "T"-Plug or the "R"-Plug.

- Pt-100 (4 wire): Pt-100 (2 wire):
- Power supply:
- Signal output:
- Sample push-button:
- Data transfer:
- Options:

Cable entry (M12) 24Voltage direct current (cable entry M16) (If you use 220-240V AC in the factory, you need a transformer for power supply.)

4 – 20mA (4 wire M12 or cable entry M16) M12 plug USB port for connection via PC Cable entry (M16)

Connections inside the device:



M12 plug

Connections inside the sample push-button:



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If you're using an insertion sensor, in the basic system there is a Pt-100 with two wire connections. In this case the plug-in is already shunted.

If you want to connect your own two wired Pt-100 you have to shunt **I2** with **U2** and also **I1** with **U1**, as shown below.



shunted Pt-100 connector



connected 2 wire Pt-100

For further modifications there are four other connectors in the product range, all with different dimensions as shown below.







2.4 Installation recommendations

2.4.1 Installation with pipe section

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The sensors should be installed in an up-going pipe after a pump if it exists. This installation ensures an air bubble-free product. In addition, the product is more homogenized compared to a tank installation.



2.4.2 Installation with insertion sensor (example for batch pans)

- In order to ensure a reliable measurement it is necessary to have a good flow through the sensors. They should be mounted below the calandria. In fact the measurement is influenced by foam and air and/or steam bubbles. Below the calandria there are generally less bubbles. Some calandrias have a sample valve by-pass. It is not suited to install the sensor there because of the very bad magma flow.
- To calibrate correctly, good samples are needed. If you see that the measurement parameters change quickly while taking the sample, first make the reading, then take the sample and then, after a while, confirm that the reading is coming back again.
 - The following pictures show an installation in the side of wall. It has the advantage that the microwave module is not exposed to a very high temperature. The minimum distance between the calandria and the sensor tips should be 100 mm.



Position of Insertion sensor



Installation of insertion sensor flange below the calandria

2.4.3 Installation with rinsing insertion sensor (for continuous pans)

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As the continuous pans are not submitted to a periodic steaming-out, the proMtec insertion sensors are fitted by CIP (cleaning in place). The cleaning medium can be hot water with high pressure. The 3 rinsing water channels (two for microwave insertion sensors and one for the Pt-100) must be activated one after the other for 10-15 seconds to ensure high pressure and the cleaning time is set 15-20s. The CIP can be preceded manually or automatically. proMtec does recommend the last one. Depending upon the product to be measured, the time between two rinsing cycles can be 2-3 hours for the 1st product, 5-7 hours the 2nd and 9-12 hours for the 3rd.







Manual and Automatic Valve

As written above, the measurement reacts on air bubbles. Any leakage in or next to the sensor causes bubbles (vacuum) thus deviating the reading. To check the leakage there are several hints:

- Rinse of juice below the sensor. This occurs while or after Steaming out
- Shaking of the pan
- Upcoming air bubbles through the magma on the side wall of the pan

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In order to get a reliable measurement it is necessary to have a steady flow in the immediate vicinity of the sensor. This avoids caking of the sensor probes.

If the product should contain any air or steam bubbles, they will influence the measurement. If air bubbles present in the sample stream can create be abnormal reflections of the microwaves and therefore an inexact concentration value.

To avoid this, it is recommended to install the sensors in a rising pipe segment after the pump (pump outlet). This installation ensures an air bubble-free sample stream.

Usually the process stream in a tube is more homogeneous than that found in a tank installation.



Possible recommended positions for sensor installation

The best installation point in a vertical pipe section, far enough away from the pump and with upward flow direction. The recommended minimum distance from the pump is 4 times of the diameter of the pipe. The pipe must be completely filled by the product stream.



Flat ensors mounted in an up-going pipe

*The sampling valve can be mounted upstream or downstream of the sensors Recommended position of Insertion sensor on the pipe

When installing insertion sensors on a tank wall, care must be taken to ensure that the sensor remains below the minimum of the process liquid level.

3 Menu topology and operation handling

3.1 Standard operation of the compact device

The evaluation unit uses the data from its integrated microwave module. In the μ ICC Standard version the microwave module is a separate system module. A number of helpful values are displayed on the screen; the current measurement value, the phase shift (raw and compensated), the temperature and the level. The values are also presented in bar graph form with trace (drag pointer) which shows the evolution of the measurement.

The evaluation unit is controlled via a user-friendly menu. The menu selections can be made by the buttons **F1**, **F2**, **F3** and **F4** which are situated to the right of the LCD screen. These buttons have different functions depending on the current menu.

While the unit is operating the display appears as shown below:

After pressing **F2** the display shows additionally the values for signal attenuation, signal voltage and also three traces for the 4-20 mA signal output, the level and the phase. Press **F2** to return to the original display.





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Press **F4** to select the main menu. Press **F4** again to enter the submenu. Press **F1** to return to the previous menu.

The "System" main menu after power-up is offers the following submenus:

- Sensor: setting of parameters during configuration and system calibration
- Base configuration: default settings (language, date & time), memory storage options, etc.
- Memory allocation: storage of sensor settings and parameters
- Error status: overview with error number in case of any problems
- Service: reserved for proMtec maintenance personnel

Various submenus are explained more precisely in the following chapters.

3.2 Operation via PC Remote

The device can be operated via PC remote control. This option is integrated in the " μ -ICC 2.45 Datalog and Update" software.

With the first using of the PC remote control you have to install the setup file. Therefore please follow the included Readme file.

For a successful installation there is also needed **.NET Framework version 3.5**. If there is no current version installed on your PC, the setup file will also install "**dotnetfx35**", which is also available on the CD.

3.2.1 Connect the PC and Compact unit with USB cable

Before you want to start setting and calibrating of the compact unit without display, you have to connect the PC or Laptop and compact unit with USB cable (see the picture), it is a normal cable for printer.



\rightarrow	S	Start th	e soft	ware	"uCC	PC Re	emote	", you v	vill see	e this v	windo	w:	
🚟 μ - ICC 2.45 Di	es ist eine Testve	rsion			-								
Programm Inf	0												Verkleine
µ - IC	C 2.45	comp	act mic	crowav	e							pro	Mtec
Data Log						Up	Date Promte	c Compact					
Da	talogname	• 1 Se	k				0)pen Updatefile		Update	e Programn	nversion	
		C 2 Se	k								0000000	0	
Da	talog Start	C 5 Se	k		ClearViting		Swit	ch to Updatemo	de	System	Program	nversion	
Da	italog End	C 10 S	ek ek	-	Ciedr wind	UW		Begin Update			0000000	0	
Date	Time	Value	4-20_mA	°C	Phase	Phase_TK	Level	Level_TK	Att	Att_TK	TX_BO	RX_TR	s
*					100		145				les Paris	-	

If you want to find the Information about the software version, you could click "info".

• 1 Sek • 2 Sek • 5 Sek		UpDate Promtec Compact Open Updatefile					
• 1 Sek C 2 Sek C 5 Sek		Open Updatefile					
C 2 Sek		200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200		Update	e Programm	version	
C 5 Sek					0000000	0	
		Switch to Updateme	ode	System	n Programm	wereion	
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ue 4-20_mA °C	Verson 2.14 pro/M/tec Thereisen G Plotzheimentt, 152 D.76275 Etilingen GERIMANY Phone: +43 (0)7243 Internet: <u>www.pro-m</u> EMail: <u>info@gro-m</u>	nbH 53 06 - 0 53 06 - 11 tec.de tec.de 0K	Att	Att_TK	TX_B0	RX_TR	S
	ue 4-20_mA °C	Version 2.14 proMArec Theisen Gr Proteiment. 132 Ue 4-20_mA *C GERMANY Phone: -449(0)7243 Internet: www.prome EMail: info@strem.	30 Sek Version 214 ue 4-20_mA *C Version 214 ProzMrAce Theisen GmbH Prozenimentit. 162 D.76275 Ettingen GERMANY Phone: +49 (0)7243 53 06 - 0 Fax: :+49 (0)7243 53 06 - 11 Intense: www.worm.ec.de EMail :ndo@nom.ec.de DK 0K	Version 214 pro/M./tec.Theisien GmbH Prosthementer: It.62 D-76275 Ettingen GERMANY Phone: +49(0)7243 53 06 - 0 Fax: +49(0)7243 53 06 - 11 Informet: www.normitec.de EMail: info@norm.tec.de OK	S0 Sek Version 2.14 pro/M/Ac Theisen GmbH Prodements: 162 Ue 4-20_mA °C GERMANY Phone: +49 (0)7243 53 06 - 0 Fax: +49 (0)7243 53 06 - 11 Internet: youw promites de Internet: youw promites de EMail : info@promites de OK OK	S0 Sek Version 2.14 proMAcc Theses GmbH Prozhemestr. 162 D76275 Etilingen GERMANY Phone: +49(0)7243 53 06 - 0 Fax: +49(0)7243 53 06 - 11 Internet: www.promtec.de EMeil : info@commtec.de EMeil : info@commtec.de OK	Version 214 pro/M./tec.Theisen GmbH Pforchementer. 162 D-76275 Ettingen GERMANY Phone: +49(0)7243 53 06 - 0 Fax: +49(0)7243 53 06 - 11 Internet: www.ncom.tec.de EMail: info@com.tec.de OK

Example: This Version 2.14 of remote is for the version TE10-00.39 of compact unit.

Please choice "u-ICC Remote" (see the picture), now if you haven't connected the compact unit and PC, you will read a warning "no u-ICC connected". Please connect the unit again.

🚟 μ - ICC 2,45 Dies ist eine Testver	sion								ĒĒ
Programm Info									
u-ICC Remote Reset u-ICC Program Reset PC Close	compact mic	rowave		_				pro	Mtec
res filemode Datalogname	© 1 Sek © 2 Sek			oc Compact Open Updatefile		Update	e Programn 0000000	nversion 0	
Datalog Start	C 5 Sek C 10 Sek	Clear Window		itch to Updatemod	le	Systen	n Programr 0000000	nversion 0	
Date Time	Value 4-20_mA	°C Phase Phas	e_TK Level	Level_TK	Att	Att_TK	TX_BO	RX_TR	S

oMtec		
II = ICC 2	45 compact min	
μ - 100 2.		lowave
313 11.07.31	26 05:52	
System		Reset
Konzentration	Kommentar	
00.00		Raw data
88.22	%	
P · 117.72	• T. E	Settings
P . 117.72	° D : 74.72 dB	
1-Komp. 117.72	D. 74.75 0D	Evit
0	% 100	
		Maga
	64.00^ 100.00	protitiec

In this window you can click "settings", and come into the setting window.

Calibre RF Amplifier Cur	ttion rent interface Temp	erature compens	Measurement mode ation Descripti	Limit valu
Time Constants	Fraction digits	Defaults	Sensorstate	
coefficients a	utom. phase correction	phase corre	ection with level	
Phase measuring				
order: 1				
coefficients				
a0 100	a2	a4		
a1 -0.1	a3	a5		
	nhaaa:	107 54 *		
	priase. measure va	due: 89.24	%	
1				
	refpoint: 0.0000	%		
	refcorr.: 0.0000	%		
	phase offset: 0.00	*		
	OK			

With this software installed connect the PC with the Evaluation unit and start the software. Now you can set the new values and calibrate.

3.2.2 Setting of the parameters with µ-ICC Program remote

SYSTEM / BASIS CONFIGURATION / USB DEVICE

→ Select "System", "Basis configuration" and then "USB device". Now select "USB HID" and confirm with "OK" button.

You can now begin operation of the evaluation unit under PC control.

→ Start "µ-ICC 2.45 Datalog and Update", click on "Program" and then choose "remote control".

proMtec	
µ - ICC 2.45 compact micr	owave
07.07.20 15:06 System Kommentar	Beenden
76,41 %	Rohwert
P : 236,64 ° T : 49,8 °C P kom 256,72 ° L : -71,79 dB	
	Einstellungen

The window shown below then opens:

The main display appears as shown above and shows the current measurement value, signal phase, process stream temperature, compensated phase and absolute signal amplitude. This display is very similar to the device display.

- \rightarrow To see the other values click on the button "**raw data**".
- \rightarrow Now click on the button "settings".

A new window appears with the menus and submenus in tab format with a structure similar to the device menu structure.

→ To refresh the current settings click on the button "**Data query**", to transmit the settings to the device click on the button "**Data transfer**".

To return to the main screen click on the button "Exit".

 \rightarrow

Sensor Basis configurati	mact microwave	
RF Amplifier Current in Sensorstate Calibration phase corre	erface Temperature compensation De ection with level Temperature compensat	scrip Limit value Constants Defaults
	Phase measuring	
coefficient	order: 1	
a1 -0,1	a3 0 a5 refpoint: 48,025744	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
phase offset:	refcorr.: 0	% utom. phase correction ON C OFF •
phase: measure value:	146,94 * 55,51 % phase correction	0 step 360* 0
20		

4 Initial Start Up

Before connecting the evaluation unit with power supply, make sure that the microwave sensors have been connected to the evaluation unit.

During initial start up you should adjust the basic settings; e.g. date and time.

4.1 Language

SYSTEM / BASIS CONFIGURATION / LANGUAGE

First of all you can choose the language from Deutsch, English, Francais, Italiano, Español or Portugues-Standard.

→ Please start from "System" main menu (by pressing F4). Select "Basis configuration" and then select "Language". You can now select your preferred language by "▲" and "▼" and confirm with "OK" button.

4.2 Date and Time

SYSTEM / BASIS CONFIGURATION / DATE TIME

Here you can set the date and time.

→ Staring from **"System**" main menu, select **"Basis configuration**", then **"Date /Time**" and **"Time**" can be entered with "▲" and "▶" buttons and confirmed with **"OK**" button. The **"Date**" can be selected and entered in the same way.

4.3 System Reset

SYSTEM / BASIS CONFIGURATION / RESET

- After making configuration modifications it might be necessary to make a system reset (e.g. system does not work correctly after new entries).
- → Staring from **"System**" main menu, select **"Basis configuration**" and then **"Reset**". Afterwards confirm by **"YES**" button and finally confirm with **"OK**" button.

4.4 Locking Keyboard

SYSTEM / BASIS CONFIGURATION / PIN-Nr.

Here you can block the keyboard. This avoids any unauthorized change of the sensor configuration parameters. Nevertheless it is still possible to check some of them.

Should you forget the PIN number please get in contact with ProMtec.

4.4.1 Changing PIN number

- → Staring from "**System**" main menu, select " **Basis configuration**" then chose "**PIN-Nr. Keyboard barrier**". Afterwards change the PIN-Nr.

The initial PIN is "000000". It can be changed anytime by the operator.

4.4.2 Keyboard locking

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Staring from **"System**" main menu, select **"Basis configuration**" afterwards chose **"PIN-Nr. Keyboard barrier**" then **"Block Keyboard input**" and confirm with **"OK**". You will then have to enter **"Pin-Nr.**" And confirm with **"OK**". The lock indicator lights red.

4.4.3 Keyboard unlocking

→ Staring from "System" main menu, select "Basis configuration" afterwards selects "PIN-Nr. Keyboard barrier" then "Release Keyboard input" and confirms it with "OK". You will then have to enter " Pin-Nr" and confirm with "OK". The red lock indicator then turns off.

5 Initial Sensor Configuration

Here you can adjust the initial sensor settings.

5.1 Measurement mode

SYSTEM / SENSOR / MEASUREMENT

At the start, you will first have to choose a measurement mode.

There are three different measuring modes:

- Phase measuring (default setting)
- Level measuring
- Attenuation measuring

Which measuring mode is the most suitable depends entirely on the application. In most cases, especially in the sugar factories, the phase measurement best fits the application.

If you're not getting good results with the chosen measurement mode, please contact us at proMtec.

→ Staring from "System" main menu, select "Sensor" then "Measurement".
 Now select e.g. "Phase measuring" and select "OK" and confirm it again with "OK".

5.2 Amplification

SYSTEM / SENSOR / RF AMPLIFIER

At the beginning you have to be sure that the microwave signal is strong enough. The attenuation level should be between 25 and 55 dBm respectively 3 and 8 Volts while operating under normal process conditions (the microwave sensors must be covered by flowing process stream).

If the signal is too weak, you can strengthen it in two ways:

- TX-Booster (10/ 20 dB)
- RX-Transponder (20/40 dB)

The most suitable microwave signal amplification must be chosen according to the particular application. Usually we recommend trying first with the Booster, and then with the Transponder. In special cases, it is also possible to combine these two amplification methods.

→ Staring from "System" main menu, select "Sensor" then "RF Amplifier".
 Now select e.g. "TX-Booster" and switch from "OFF" to "+10 dB" or "+20 dB" depending on the amplification level needed.

5.3 Measurement

The following settings are necessary for accurate measurements.

5.3.1 Temperature compensation

SYSTEM / SENSOR / TEMP.COMPENSATION

The microwave signal is influenced by temperature changes of the medium. As a result, the phase shift has to be temperature compensated. Therefore you have to define both the temperature reference **Tref** and the temperature coefficient **Tk**.

For the reference temperature you should usually take an average temperature over the whole process.

The temperature coefficient should be set as Tk= -1.5000e+00 initially. This value can then be adjusted as required.

In the sugar industry: For the batch pans **Tref** should be set to the seeding point temperature. The temperature coefficient for sugar products (juice, syrup, masse cuite...) we recommend setting **Tk** = +3,0000e+00.

→ Staring from "System" main menu, select "Sensor" then "Temperature compensation". Select "Temp. corr" and switch from "OFF" to "ON" in order to activate temperature compensation, confirm with "OK" button. Now select "reference temp" and enter the desired temperature and confirm with the "OK" button.

Finally enter **Tk** as above.

5.3.2 Start coefficients

SYSTEM / SENSOR / CALIBRATION / COEFFICIENTS

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The measurement system needs to be calibrated using the laboratory results. To do this, the start coefficients must be set. The coefficients A_0 and A_1 are the Offset and the slope of the following formula:

$Y = A_1X + A_0$

X- Compensated Phase shift

Y- Measurement in the chosen physical units.

 A_0 and A_1 define the measurement range. It can be calculated as follows:

Upper end of the measurement range = A0

Lower end of the measurement range = (A1*360) +A0

We usually take the maximum measurable value (with certain reservations) as A0. A1 is the microwave's absorption coefficient and depends on the distance between the sensor probes and the process stream between them.

The measurement range appears on the display below the bar graph (drag pointer).

Example:

For a batch pan application with a distance between sensor probes of 45mm, we usually have start coefficients of **A0=100** and **A1=-0.1**. They result in a measurement range of 64-100 Brix.

For a continuous pan application with a distance between sensor probes of 60mm the start coefficients are usually: **A0=100** and **A1=-0.075**. These result in a measurement range of 73-100Bx.

- If the measurement range is too small and there is a risk of exceeding this range the phase correction with signal attenuation level should be employed (please read the section 5.3.4 phase correction with signal attenuation level).
- → Staring from "System" main menu please select "Sensor", "Calibration" and finally "Coefficients". Afterwards enter the coefficients A₀ and A₁ corresponding to the application.

5.3.3 Reference Point

SYSTEM / SENSOR / CALIBRATION

At the beginning of every start up it is necessary to position the scale of the measurement with a reference phase value. A sample must be taken and analysed and the resulting value entered in the evaluation unit as quickly as possible. For this operation there is no need to be accurate; a hand refractometer reading is sufficient. The process must, however, be under steady state conditions.

For batch pans we usually take samples after the pan has been filled and just before seeding.

For other applications we take samples under normal process conditions.

There is no need to change the phase offset manually. It's automatically adjusted by the system upon setting the reference point. In turn, the reference point changes automatically every time we change A0.

In general, the reference correction ("**refcorr**") should not be changed (always be set to 0).

→ Staring from "System" main menu please select "Sensor", Then "Calibration" followed by "ref-point", then select "YES" and confirm with "OK" button, finally enter the value.

The displayed measurement is now equal to the reference point.

5.4 Other Settings

5.4.1 Sensor Description

SYSTEM / SENSOR / DESCRIPTION

You should set a description of the measurement for each application.

→ Select "**Description**" and confirm with "**OK**" button. Selecting then "**Product name**", "**Comment**", "**Phys. Measurement item**" and "**Phys. unit**" enable you to display information concerning the application that is stored in the unit's memory.

Example: Physical Unit

SYSTEM / SENSOR / DESCRIPTION / PHYS.UNIT

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Select **"Phys. unit**" and confirm with **"OK**" button. Select desired unit (**Bx, %, g/l, g/cm³...**) using "▲" and "▼" buttons and confirm with **"OK**" button.

5.4.2 Current Interface

SYSTEM /SENSOR / CURRENT INTERFACE

You can scale the 4-20 mA current output to the corresponding measurement range as follows:

→ Select "Current interface" and confirm with "OK" button. Then select "current output", choose the desired output signal (0-20 mA or 4-20 mA), and confirm with "OK" button.

Example:

Enter the output values for the desired scale (e.g. 70 as 4mA and 100 as 20mA) These inputs result in a measurement range of 70 to 100 (Brix). The evaluation unit displays this range above the bar graph (drag pointer).

There is a test function for the current output. It can be activated by switching **"Test current**" from **"OFF**" to **"ON**" and by confirming with **"OK**" button. In this fashion the output can be controlled from the control room. The test current value can be given directly in **mA** (e.g. Test current: 12 mA)

→ The "Calibration" function of the "Current interface" menu allows regulation of 4 mA and 20 mA by using the F2 (+) and F3 (-) buttons. To start regulation, a mA ammeter must be connected to the current output connector pins.

6 Data logging

Two data logging options are available. By connecting a PC data can be recorded and stored directly on the hard disk drive. Alternatively the data can be stored on the evaluation unit's internal SD card.

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Before connecting a PC or Staring to log on the SD card you must first choose one of the above and confirm it.

6.1 SD Card



In the basic system by default there is SD card already inserted.

To change the SD card you have to open the cover.





Remember to disconnect the power supply before removing the cover.

You can run with continuous data logging. In this case, when the SD card memory is full the memory's first data positions will be overwritten.

SYSTEM / BASIS CONFIGURATION / SD CARD

→ Select "System", "Basis configuration" and "SD Card", then "Data log" and switch it from "OFF" to "ON" and confirm with "OK" button.

Also included in this menu item there is the possibility to adjust the frequency of the data storage.

 \rightarrow To do this choose **"Log time**" and enter the data storage interval desired. By default there is a value of 10 seconds.

To read the data there is no need to remove the SD card. It can be simply accessed and read from the USB interface. In this case the compact device has to act as a memory device. To activate this

SYSTEM / BASIS CONFIGURATION / USB DEVICE

→ Select "System", "Basis configuration" and "USB device". Now select "USB Memory Device" and confirm with "OK" button.

You can now access the SD card as a removable disk.

mode you must choose USB memory device.

6.2 USB HID

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With the Human Interface Device (HID) you can log data as well as operate the unit via PC (already described in chapter 3.2).

- Additionally there is the option to update the system software. In general this is only done by proMtec staff. For more details please contact us at proMtec.
- For assistance in installing and operating the software read chapter "**3.2 Operation via PC Remote**".

Before Staring the " μ -ICC 2.45 data log and update" software should be sure to choose the USB HID mode.

SYSTEM / BASIS CONFIGURATION / USB DEVICE

Select **"System**", **"Basis configuration**" and **"USB device**". Now select **"USB HID**" and confirm with **"OK**" button.

Now you have to choose a datalog name for data storage in an excel file. After that you can start data logging.

7 System Calibration

Before calibration it is important to determine the initial sensor configuration (please see chapter 5).

7.1 Sampling

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For calibration it is necessary to take samples over the whole process and have them analyzed evaluate in the laboratory. While sampling the process must be under steady state conditions. A minimum of 5 to 8 samples must be taken, which cover the complete measurement range.

Example for sugar industry: For batch pans it is recommended to take 3 samples before the seeding point and at least 5 following it.

- \rightarrow For each sample note following data:
 - Date and time of sample taking
 - Displayed current measurement value (in corresponding units)
 - Phase shift (P in °)
 - Temperature (T in °C)
 - Compensated phase shift (P-comp in °)
 - Signal Attenuation Level (L in dBm)
 - Attenuation (in dB)
 - Volts (in V)

You can either note these values manually or simply switch on data log to record them on the integrated SD card. Additionally, a sample push-button can be used to mark the logged data at the time the sample is taken.

7.2 Initial Calibration

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- After sampling, enter these current measurement values into the excel file "**IBN**" in the column provided and add the corresponding laboratory values to the column "**labor (Y-Axis)**".
 - With these values the new settings will be calculated. Samples which are not used for the calibration should be placed in the field **"Labor not used**". The remaining columns are only for the calculation and may not have to be changed. They only have to be copied into the rows below.

In addition you have to enter the initial settings such as **A0**, **A1**, ref-point and p-offset (previously entered initial settings).

The new settings (A0, A1) are automatically calculated and can be read from the sheet "calibration data" and also from the sheet "trend" (form: Y = a1 * x + a0 and the correlation coefficient R²).

The correlation coefficient R² should be nearly 1 proving that the sampling was representative and that the new coefficients can be entered in the evaluation unit. In the sheet **"trend**", you can compare the various settings graphically.



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The new settings can now be transferred to the evaluation unit. Therefore you have to put in the coefficients A0 and A1. Tk might also have to be readjusted.



7.3 Phase correction with level

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As already mentioned, you might have to use the phase correction, if the measurement range seems to be too narrow.

For this purpose you can also obtain the coefficients B0, B1 from the excel file. Simply enter these additional values as well as another temperature compensation for the signal amplitude level measurement.

For the reference temperature you should use the same value as before (average temperature over the whole process).

For the temperature coefficient you can also use the same value before (in section 5.3.1 Temperature compensation), but you might have to readjust it.

→ Staring from "System" main menu, select "Sensor", then "Calibration", then "Phase correction with level" then switch from "OFF" to "ON" in order to activate temperature compensation, finally confirm with "OK" button.
 Then select "coefficients" and enter the values for B0 and B1. These values can be obtained from the excel file (as well as A0 and A1).

(No used!) If the temp-compensation is not used, please set the Tk1 = 0. Now select **"temperature compensation**", then **"reference temp**" and enter the desired temperature. Finally confirm with **"OK**" button.

Then finish by entering **Tk** as described above.

8 Sensor Settings: save and reload

Here you can save and load your settings, and reload the factory settings. This can be done in the "Sensor" section or in the "Memory allocation" section.

8.1 Sensor: Save settings, Load settings, Factory settings

SYSTEM / SENSOR / STANDARD SETTINGS

8.1.1 Saving the configuration

→ Staring from "System" main menu select "Sensor", then select "Standard settings" and "Save settings".

You can now choose one of 30 memory locations.

→ Select the desired location. If the location is not occupied, the device displays: " empty memory cell". Select "save data set" and confirm with "OK" button.

8.1.2 Loading the saved configuration

→ Staring from "System" main menu, select "Sensor", then "standard settings" followed by "load settings". Select a location (from 1 to 30). If the location is free, the device displays: "empty memory cell". Then select "load data set" and confirm with "OK" button.

8.1.3 Reloading factory settings

 → Staring from "System" main menu please select "Sensor". Then choose "standard settings". Afterwards select "load factory settings". Confirm by "YES" button and finally confirm with "OK" button.

8.2 Memory allocation: Load and Delete Internal and External Memory

SYSTEM / MEMORY ALLOCATION

8.2.1 Copying of configuration

SYSTEM / MEMORY ALLOCATION / COPY DATA SET

→ Staring from "System" main menu select "Memory allocation" then "copy data set". Then choose the source configuration to be copied (locations1 to 30).

Then choose the desired available memory location. Finally select **"star to copy**" and then confirm with **"OK**" button.

8.2.2 Deleting of configuration

SYSTEM / MEMORY ALLOCATION / DELETE DATA SET

→ Select the configuration to be deleted (location 1 to 30). Select **"YES**" button and finally confirm with **"OK**" button.

8.2.3 Deleting of all memory

SYSTEM / MEMORY ALLOCATION / DELETE COMPLETE MEMORY

You can delete simultaneously all additional memory (locations 1 to 30).

- This is will not delete the sensor settings.
- → Select "delete complete memory", then "delete internal memory". Afterwards it must be confirmed with "OK" to button. Confirm by "YES" button and press "OK" again.

9 Moving of the measurement range

SYSTEM / SENSOR / CALIBRATION

Sometimes the chosen measurement range is unsuitable for the measurement. There is a simple way to make it suitable.

Example:

There is a range from 65 to 90 %, but it is needed an upper limit of 95 %. Now you have the possibility to change it by phase offset. Therefore you need to calculate the required phase shift for the missing 5%.

Total measurement range = 90 % - 65 % = 25 %. Phase shift per $1 \% = 360^{\circ}/25 \% = 14.4^{\circ}$ per 1%Offset = 14.4° per $1\% * 5 \% = 72.35^{\circ}$

Here you get an offset of 72.35°. Add this value to the already existing phase offset.

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Staring from, **System**" main menu, select **"Sensor**", then **"Calibration**" and finally **"phase offset**" and add the above calculated offset to the phase offset.

This example extends the range upwards. In the same manner you can move it downwards. To extend the range to a lower minimum, subtract (instead of adding) the calculated offset from the existing phase offset.

If you want to use this function, please keep touch with proMtec technical, we must be sure that it is not wrong setting.

10 Troubleshooting

10.1 PIN is not working

You can block the keyboard with PIN. Ensure that only qualified personnel know this PIN. If you don't remember the PIN, please contact your supervisor. If it should be necessary proMtec can override your PIN.

10.2 Constant offset

SYSTEM / SENSOR / CALIBRATION / COEFFICIENT

- Maybe you will find a constant offset.
- After saving the settings (see above), you can change the settings without any troubles.
- To correct the offset, the best way is just to add the difference to **a0**.
- This should not be given to the operator as a legal action, being that the BRIXmeter must be calibrated in the laboratory value and the seed point value is linked to temperature and purity. The seed point value should be set in the DCS system.

If you take more samples at a later date you can enter them into the actual spreadsheet and compare them with the old samples.

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This is possible, if you haven't yet

- Given a new ref-point,
- Changed the ref-correction or
- Calibrated the Pt-100.

11 Technical specifications

Housing	Aluminium wall housing, protection IP65, Dimension 160 x 160 x 120 mm, 3,1 kg
Mounting	4 mounting tabs H x B = 120 x 180 mm for ø 6 mm
Power supply	24 V DC, max. 1000 mA
Display	3.9"-Monochrome QVGA-LC, 320 x 240 pixel, illuminated. Large display of the current measurement and drag pointer with analogue bar graph displays of measurement evolutions in the defined scale
Microwave	Extremely stabile phase, attenuation and level measurement with PLL-synthesizer, 2.45GHz, transmission power 10 mW, 10 dBm
Microwave cable	2 x N-plugs for heavily shielded coaxial cable 50 ohms, 1.5 m; 0.5 kg
Insertion sensor	DN65 flange, tube length 100 mm, Type A sensor, Pt100 integrated, 3.1 kg; DN80 flange, tube length 100 mm, Type A sensor, Pt100 integrated, 5.4 kg
User interface	Soft touch keyboard with 4 keys, well-structured multilingual menus
Status display	LEDs for measurement status and access-PIN for parameters
Output	4 – 20 mA isolated output for concentration and temperature, max. loop resistance 500 ohms
Data interface	USB 2.0 interface for software update, data output and calibration via PC
Data memory	SD-/ SD-HC-Card Slot for writing/ reading measuring data & storage of parameter settings
Environment temperature Evaluation unit	0 to + 70 °C
Environment temperature microwave cable	- 40 to + 90 °C
Temperature compensation	Pt-100 with four-wire-system, M12 plug-in
Sample push-button	for memorizing measured data, M12 plug-in

12 Spare parts

Item	Order number
Evaluation unit µ-ICC 2.45 Compact	ICC CO LCD
3.9"-display 320 x 240 pixel with foil keyboard, ready to connect in housing cover 160 x 160 x 50 mm, connection cable	A01-PG10-DIS
Aluminium housing 160 x 160 x 70 mm, open without cover, all internal cables, connectors and outside cable screw fittings	A01-PG10-BOX
Microwave module μ -ICC compact, 2x N-plugs, 120 x 70 x 40 mm, level meter indication on board, connection cable	A01-PG10-HFM
Motherboard with DC-, Pt100-, Sample key- and 4 to 20 mA connectors	A01-PG10-MBO
CPU-board	A01-PG10-CPU
Interface-board with SD-/SD-HC-card slot	A01-PG10-INT
Microwave cable	CA MW 1.5
Pt-100 (temperature sensor)	TS PT 2.5 S J
Insertion sensor mounted on DN65 flange	IS 065/06-100/045A
Insertion sensor mounted on DN80 flange	IS 080/10-100/045A
Insertion sensor probe	IS A

13 Declaration of Conformity



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CE Conformity CE Conformity Microwave Density Measurement µ-ICC 2.45 compact

This instrument has been tested and found to comply with the fimits of the European Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the member states relating to electromagnetic compatibility (89/336/EEC) and in accordance with 73/23/EWG.

This instrument complies with the requirements of

- IEC 1010-1 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use
- EN 55011 Teil B
- EN 50082/1

Gladia

- EN 50082-2, part 2: industrial area
- EN 50081-2, part 1^e industrial area.

All appropriate EG-principles:

Electromagnetic compatibility: B9/336/EEC Changed: 91/263/EWG, 92/31/EWG, 93/68/EWG, 93/97/EWG

Low potential voltage: 73/23/EWG, Changed; 93/58/EWG

This complies with the requirements of:

EN 55011:1998+A1:1999 + A2:2002 EN 61010-1: 2002 - 08 EN 61006-6-2:2001 EN 61000-4-2:1995+A1:1998+A2: 2001 EN 61000-4-3:2002+A1: 2002 EN 61000-4-4:1995+A1:2001+A2: 2001 EN 61000-4-5:1995+A1: 2001 EN 61000-4-11:1994+A1:2001

We confirm that our manufacturing and covelopment for the instrument µ-ICC 2.45 is in accordance with the laws mentioned above.

Ettlingen,	15. 10. 2009	profile Mach	Karl-Heinz Theisen Managing Director	- · -
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14 Dimensional drawings

14.1 Flat sensors with Inline-Gage DN 40 to 150

Density-/ Concentration Measurement μ -ICC 2.45 compact with Inline-Gage DN 40 to 150 (2" to 6"), PN 10 [with installation flange]



14.2 Insertion sensor DN65



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14.3 Rinsed insertion sensor DN65



14.4 Insertion sensor DN80

